

Cocos Keeling Islands schlumberger logelco inc





Overview

The Cocos (Keeling) Islands consist of two flat, low-lying coral atolls with an area of 14.2 square kilometres (5.5 sq mi), 26 kilometres (16 mi) of coastline, a highest elevation of 5 metres (16 ft) and thickly covered with coconut palms and other vegetation. The climate is pleasant, moderated by the southeast trade.

The Cocos (Keeling) Islands (: Pulu Kokos [Keeling]), officially the Territory of Cocos (Keeling) Islands (; Cocos Islands Malay: Pulu Kokos [Keeling]), are an in.

Cocos (Keeling) Islands experience a (Af) according to the ; the archipelago lies approximately midway between the and the . The archipelago has two distinct seasons, the wet.

Discovery and early historyThe archipelago was discovered in 1609 by Captain of the , on a return voyage from the East Indies. was sketched by Ekeberg, a Swedish captain, in 1749, showing the presence of .

The population of the islands is approximately 600. There is a small and growing tourist industry focused on water-based or nature activities. In 2016, a beach on Direction Island was named the best beach in Australia by , an Aquatic and Coastal.

The islands have been called the Cocos Islands (from 1622), the Keeling Islands (from 1703), the Cocos-Keeling Islands (since in 1805) and the Keeling-Cocos Islands (19th century). Cocos refers to the abundant trees, while Keeling.

According to the 2021 Australian Census, the population of the Cocos Islands is 593 people. The gender distribution stands at an approximate 51% male and 49% female. The median age of the population is 40 years, slightly older than the median Australian population.

The capital of the Territory of Cocos (Keeling) Islands is West Island while the largest settlement is the village of Bantam, on Home Island. Governance of the islands is based on the Cocos (Keeling) Islands Act 1955 and depends heavily on the.



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Cocos (Keeling) Islands

The Cocos (Keeling) Islands are a remote group of islands, forming a single horseshoe-shaped atoll and an isolated island, North Keeling, in the eastern Indian Ocean. They represent the ...

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Geology and Hydrogeology of the Cocos (Keeling) Islands

The Cocos (Keeling) Islands lie in the eastern Indian Ocean about halfway between Australia and Sri Lanka, or approximately 1,000 km southwest of Java Head, ...

Cocos (Keeling) Islands

The Territory of Cocos (Keeling) Islands, also called Cocos (Keeling) Islands, is a territory of Australia comprising twenty-seven tiny coral islands surrounding two atolls. They are located in the Indian Ocean, about one-half of the way



between Australia and Sri Lanka.



Cocos (Keeling) Islands

The Cocos (Keeling) Islands are a remote group of islands, forming a single horseshoe-shaped atoll and an isolated island, North Keeling, in the eastern Indian Ocean. They represent the only atoll that Charles Darwin visited and became central to his theory of coral reef development, and have played a central role in several subsequent debates

Geology and Hydrogeology of the Cocos (Keeling) Islands

The Cocos (Keeling) Islands lie in the eastern Indian Ocean about halfway between Australia and Sri Lanka, or approximately 1,000 km southwest of Java Head, Indonesia (Fig. 31-1). They were discovered in 1609 by Captain William Keeling of the East India Company.



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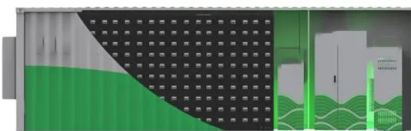


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Cocos (Keeling) Islands

British captain William KEELING discovered Cocos (Keeling) Islands in 1609, and they were named the Cocos Islands in 1622 for their coconut trees. Some maps began referring to them as the Keeling Islands in 1703.



(Cocos Islands)(Keeling Islands),,596,14.2,27?



Cocos (Keeling) Islands

The Cocos (Keeling) Islands are a group of 27 islands, and are composed of 2 atolls: North Keeling, and South Keeling. South Keeling consists of 26 islands in a horseshoe formation around a large lagoon (approximately 10 km across).



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